Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

December 31, 2018



December 31, 2018

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Statement of Functional Expenses	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors All Stars Project, Inc. New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of All Stars Project, Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors All Stars Project, Inc. Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of All Stars Project, Inc. as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in *Note 13* to the financial statements, in 2018, All Stars Project, Inc. adopted ASU 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958): *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

New York, New York

BKD, LUP

May 2, 2019

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2018

Assets

Current	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,859,548
Short-term investments	2,418,149
Contributions receivable	1,352,819
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	112,932
Total current assets	5,743,448
Other assets	66,556
Contributions receivable, less current portion	3,199,834
Property and equipment, net	10,091,179
Long-term investments	1,153,366
Total assets	\$ 20,254,383
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 8,023
Accrued salaries and related expenses payable	584,881
Other liabilities	4,723
Deferred revenue	2,900
Accrued interest payable	30,711
Current portion of mortgage payable	312,241
Current portion of loans payable	87,748
Total current liabilities	1,031,227
Deferred rent	213,357
Mortgage payable, net	8,606,240
Loans payable	227,097
Total liabilities	10,077,921
Net Assets	
Without donor restrictions	
Undesignated	3,690,655
Designated by the Board for endowment	265,938
Total net assets without donor restrictions	3,956,593
With donor restrictions	
Perpetual in nature	893,348
Purpose restrictions	1,359,447
Time-restricted for future periods	3,967,074
Total net assets with donor restrictions	6,219,869
Total net assets	10,176,462
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 20,254,383

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Without Donor Restriction	With Donor Restriction	Total
Revenues, Gains and Other Support			
Contributions	\$ 2,250,230	\$ 8,501,524	\$ 10,751,754
All Stars ticket sales	7,958	Ψ 0,501,521	7,958
Theatre ticket sales and subscriptions	117,660	_	117,660
In-kind donations	65,150	_	65,150
Special events \$ 1,709,840			35,253
Less direct cost of special events (348,891)			
Net revenues from special			
events	1,360,949	-	1,360,949
Investment loss, net	(32,548)	(89,190)	(121,738)
Other revenues	22,241	-	22,241
Net assets released from restrictions	5,535,835	(5,535,835)	
Total revenues, gains			
and other support	9,327,475	2,876,499	12,203,974
Expenses			
Program services			
All Stars Talent Show Network/Youth on Stage	1,864,287	-	1,864,287
Development School for Youth	3,069,893	-	3,069,893
Castillo Theatre	772,376	-	772,376
Volunteerism and Education	987,598	-	987,598
Operation Conversation: Cops and Kids	1,133,659		1,133,659
Total program services	7,827,813		7,827,813
Supporting services			
Management and general	879,358	-	879,358
Fund raising	1,591,148		1,591,148
Total supporting services	2,470,506		2,470,506
Total expenses	10,298,319		10,298,319
Change in Net Assets	(970,844)	2,876,499	1,905,655
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	4,927,437	3,343,370	8,270,807
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 3,956,593	\$ 6,219,869	\$ 10,176,462

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program	Services						
	All Stars				Operation					
	Talent Show	Development		Volunteerism	Conversation:	Total			Direct Costs	
	Network/	School	Castillo	and	Cops &	Program	Management	Fund	of Special	
	Youth on Stage	for Youth	Theatre	Education	Kids	Services	and General	Raising	Events	Total
Salaries	\$ 962,372	\$ 1,653,653	\$ 303,838	\$ 532,301	\$ 453,928	\$ 3,906,092	\$ 393,368	\$ 770,173	\$ -	\$ 5,069,633
									5 -	1,070,185
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	210,733	344,500	74,613	110,049	109,880	849,775	68,850	151,560		1,070,185
Total salaries and related										
expenses	1,173,105	1,998,153	378,451	642,350	563,808	4,755,867	462,218	921,733	-	6,139,818
Grants and donations	15,200	-	-	-	-	15,200	-	-	-	15,200
Professional fees	40,822	158,906	9,228	90,975	75,088	375,019	164,487	104,958	-	644,464
Production	36,018	50,196	32,442	24,216	6,289	149,161	1,820	54,145	61,605	266,731
Interest	86,646	82,089	80,204	31,430	87,908	368,277	21,169	25,404	-	414,850
Fees and charges	8,443	9,467	1,914	2,161	2,238	24,223	69,028	4,601	-	97,852
Insurance	36,838	58,429	15,176	19,022	22,411	151,876	12,731	23,015	-	187,622
Telecommunications	15,260	24,396	7,442	5,032	13,159	65,289	3,920	9,571	-	78,780
Computer and information technology	25,619	28,826	9,984	5,939	12,467	82,835	5,552	44,321	-	132,708
Occupancy	98,628	179,698	23,101	19,503	65,938	386,868	17,402	56,169	-	460,439
Training and outreach	18,568	34,104	12,421	20,505	5,559	91,157	10,425	20,696	-	122,278
Promotional materials and advertising	11,460	27,135	5,473	7,545	3,016	54,629	5,925	56,148	-	116,702
Transportation and travel expenses	20,878	69,987	1,229	15,472	26,305	133,871	10,953	48,395	-	193,219
Equipment rental	6,942	10,573	2,589	5,075	4,223	29,402	1,633	7,821	-	38,856
Repairs and maintenance	38,323	47,331	35,667	12,895	43,838	178,054	11,077	15,019	-	204,150
Postage and shipping	2,370	7,049	545	208	990	11,162	12,413	26,385	-	49,960
Office expense	23,953	38,855	8,378	9,624	14,724	95,534	14,679	18,357	-	128,570
Catering	2,407	13,232	804	4,148	1,359	21,950	2,760	51,733	284,615	361,058
Printing	20,825	16,563	7,977	3,830	3,114	52,309	3,457	27,197	-	82,963
Space rental	6,158	7,899	32	4,164	240	18,493	164	358	2,671	21,686
Depreciation and amortization	171,494	200,829	134,286	57,163	178,652	742,424	41,992	63,579	-	847,995
Dues, subscriptions and conference fees	2,505	2,716	4,782	5,549	1,297	16,849	2,097	10,054	-	29,000
Miscellaneous	1,825	3,460	251	792	1,036	7,364	3,456	1,489		12,309
Total expenses	1,864,287	3,069,893	772,376	987,598	1,133,659	7,827,813	879,358	1,591,148	348,891	10,647,210
Less direct cost of special events									(348,891)	(348,891)
Total expenses (excluding direct expenses of special										
events)	\$ 1,864,287	\$ 3,069,893	\$ 772,376	\$ 987,598	\$ 1,133,659	\$ 7,827,813	\$ 879,358	\$ 1,591,148	\$ -	\$ 10,298,319

See Notes to Financial Statements 5

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2018

Operating Activities	
Change in net assets	\$ 1,905,655
Items not requiring (providing) operating cash flows	
Depreciation and amortization	847,995
Amortization of debt issuance costs included in	
interest expense	22,131
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments	271,589
Endowment contribution perpetual in nature	(25,000)
Changes in	
Contributions receivable	(2,480,856)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(23,488)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(35,096)
Accrued salaries and related expenses payable	(274,338)
Other liabilities	(57)
Deferred revenue	(25,000)
Accrued interest payable	(3,344)
Deferred rent	 5,687
Net cash provided by operating activities	 185,878
Investing Activities	
Purchase of property and equipment	(16,460)
Purchase of investments	(5,350,656)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	 5,028,097
Net cash used in investing activities	 (339,019)
Financing Activities	
Endowment contributions perpetual in nature	25,000
Principal payments on loans payable	(84,317)
Principal payments on mortgage payable	 (297,910)
Net cash used in financing activities	 (357,227)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(510,368)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 2,369,916
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,859,548
Supplemental Cash Flows Information	
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 396,063

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

All Stars Project, Inc. (ASP) is a not-for-profit, 501(c)(3) organization that transforms the lives of youth and poor communities using the developmental power of performance, in partnership with caring adults. Founded in 1981, ASP creates privately funded, outside-of-school educational and performing arts activities for tens of thousands of poor and minority young people. It sponsors community and experimental theatre, develops leadership training and pursues volunteer initiatives that build and strengthen communities.

The All Stars Talent Show Network & Youth Onstage!

The All Stars Talent Show Network (ASTSN) involves young people, ages 5 to 25 in performing and producing hip-hop talent shows in their neighborhoods. They are cheered on by an audience of family, neighbors, volunteers and supporters. This experience is transformative for all. ASTSN is produced in New York, NY, Newark, NJ, Chicago, IL, and Dallas, TX.

Youth Onstage! provides young performers ages 13 to 21 with the opportunity to perform on stage in plays that have something to say about the world and its future. In addition to producing plays for young casts, Youth Onstage! conducts classes and workshops in acting, playwriting, improvisation and technical theatre.

Joseph A. Forgione Development School for Youth

The Joseph A. Forgione Development School for Youth (DSY) is a leadership-training program for young people between the ages of 16 and 21. DSY's leadership-training cycles are organized as ensemble performances and include a series of workshops led by senior executives from corporations who partner with the program. DSY graduates are placed in summer internships provided by sponsoring companies. DSY programming is currently in New York, NY, Newark and Jersey City, NJ, Chicago, IL, San Francisco, Bay Area, CA, and Dallas, TX.

Education and Afterschool Development Initiatives

Afterschool Development Initiatives (ADI) is a set of activities, conversations, writing, and research that is advancing and further shaping afterschool as a field, discipline, and strategy that is distinct from the foundation and practices of school-based and traditional education. ADI will create and pursue opportunities to promote and market breakthrough prospective on measuring development and growth in youth in partnership with Southern Methodist University and others, create and pursue strategic partnership and connections that scale ASP's performance based development approach and programs, influence academic programs, and develop fellowship programs for frontline practitioners/active stakeholders in afterschool development group nationally.

University X (UX) is a free, university-style school for continuing development. It has classes, workshops and field trips that are open to people of all ages.

The Talented Volunteers program creates opportunities for hundreds of adults to get involved in virtually every aspect of ASP's programs and operations. There are approximately 3,500 volunteers involved annually.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The Castillo Theatre

The Castillo Theatre (Castillo) brings challenging, thought-provoking theatre for young people and adults in the heart of New York's theatre district. Since 1983, Castillo has staged over 100 productions from multicultural and avant garde plays, to musicals and performance projects.

Operation Conversation: Cops & Kids

Operation Conversation: Cops & Kids is an innovative police-community relations program run by ASP in partnership with local police departments. The program uses performance, improvisation and conversation to help inner-city teenagers and police officers develop a positive relationship. Approximately 500 police officers and youth have participated in these workshops.

ASP's primary source of support is contributions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

ASP considers highly liquid instruments with maturities of less than three months, when acquired, to be cash equivalents.

At December 31, 2018, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts.

At December 31, 2018, ASP's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$1,375,000.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term, based on market fluctuations, and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in ASP's financial statements.

Investment return includes dividend, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restrictions. Other investment return is reflected in the statements of activities with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

ASP maintains pooled investment accounts for its endowments. Investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses from securities in the pooled investment accounts are allocated monthly to the individual endowments based on the relationship of the fair value of the interest of each endowment to the total fair value of the pooled investments accounts, as adjusted for additions to or deductions from those accounts.

Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk-adjusted interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

ASP determines whether an allowance for doubtful accounts should be provided for contributions receivable. Such estimates are based on management's assessment of the aged basis of its contributions receivable, current economic conditions, subsequent collections and historical information. Contributions receivable are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts when all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted. Management determined that it was unnecessary to provide an allowance at December 31, 2018.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are reflected as a reduction of the carrying amount of the related debt and are amortized on the straight-line basis over the term of the associated debt. Amortization of debt issuance costs is included in interest expense.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Items with a cost in excess of \$3,000 per unit and an estimated useful life of greater than one year are capitalized. Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets and leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of the lease or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter, as follows:

Building	40 years
Condominium	40 years
Condominium improvements	20 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 10 years
Video and light equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 - 5 years

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Asset Impairment

ASP evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances would indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets would be deemed to be impaired if the carrying value of the assets is in excess of its fair value. There was no indication of any asset impairments for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Deferred Revenue

Amounts received for special events, ticket sales, and theatre subscriptions not yet earned or for events that have not yet occurred are recorded as deferred revenue. These deferred revenues are expected to be earned in the next fiscal year.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and board-designated endowment.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Contributions

Contributions are provided to ASP either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Gifts that depend on ASP overcoming a donor imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> , the donor imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Expected to be collected within one year

Net realizable value

Collected in future years Initially reported at fair value determined

using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service.

Gifts and investment income that are originally restricted by the donor and for which the restriction is met in the same time period are recorded as revenue with donor restrictions and then released from restriction.

Theatre Ticket Sales and Subscriptions

Theatre subscriptions are recognized over the subscription period. Revenue from ticket sales is recognized at the time the performance occurs.

Contributed Services

There are approximately 3,500 volunteers who contribute approximately 252,000 hours each year in various ASP programs. The value of these hours of volunteerism is not reflected in these financial statements because they are not performed by professionals in their professional capacity. However, the value of these hours of volunteerism is of tremendous value to ASP.

In-Kind Donations

ASP records donated services that require specialized skills and would typically need to be purchased if they had not been contributed based on prevailing rates (fair value) for said services. For the year ended December 31, 2018, \$65,150 was received in in-kind donations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Those expenses include salaries and related expenses of administrative and clerical staff, depreciation and amortization, interest, insurance, certain database and computer services, professional services, travel, trainings and seminar, as well as facilities costs. Occupancy, occupancy related and facilities costs for office space is based on estimates of time and efforts, occupancy costs for mixed use facilities is based on square footage of the space and the estimated usage. Certain costs of the database and technology are allocated based on utilization of specific technology. Other costs are allocated based on ratios of time and effort and of all departments and programs benefiting from costs incurred.

Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Deferred Rent

Operating leases are reported on the straight line basis over the term of the leases. The difference between the straight-line rent expense and the required lease payments, as well as any unamortized lease incentives, is reflected as deferred rent when material.

Grant Expense

Grants are recorded when awarded and are for a period not to extend beyond one year.

Fair Value Measurements of Investments

Fair Value Measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below. Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that ASP has the ability to access. Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2018 as compared to those used at December 31, 2017.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

Mutual funds: Mutual funds are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by ASP at the end of the year.

Stocks, exchange-traded funds: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while ASP believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Income Taxes

ASP is exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, ASP is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

ASP files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 2, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Revisions

Beginning of the year net assets have been revised for an immaterial error, increasing net assets without donor restrictions by \$47,797 and decreasing net assets with donor restrictions by the same amount. The revisions had no impact on total net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 2: Investments

Investments at fair value at December 31, 2018 consist of the following:

	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Corporate bonds - domestic	\$	- \$ 1,546,6	40 \$ 1,546,640
Stocks - equities	7,1	91	7,191
Mutual funds - equities	1,278,3	199	- 1,278,399
Exchange-traded funds - equities	739,2	.87_	- 739,287
	\$ 2,024,8	377 \$ 1,546,6 ₆	40 \$ 3,571,517
	Ψ 2,024,0	Ψ 1,540,0	Ψ 3,371,317

Note 3: Contributions Receivable

All contributions receivable have been recorded at present value. Receivables that are due in more than one year have been discounted to their present value using a discount rate of 3%.

Contributions receivable are due as follows:

2019	\$ 1,352,819
2020	1,077,222
2021	1,012,656
2022	595,000
2023	375,000
Thereafter	 375,000
	4,787,697
Less unamortized discount	 (235,044)
	\$ 4,552,653

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 4: Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following at December 31, 2018:

Land	\$	225,000
Building		485,000
Condominium		7,750,000
Condominium improvements		9,304,049
Leasehold improvements		1,348,421
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		331,600
Video and light equipment		230,648
Computer equipment		224,118
		19,898,836
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	-	(9,807,657)
	\$	10,091,179
Computer equipment	\$	224,118 19,898,836 (9,807,657)

Depreciation and amortization expense relating to property and equipment was \$847,995 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Note 5: Mortgage Payable

In December 2002, ASP purchased an office condominium in New York. The purchase was financed by the issuance of New York City Industrial Development Agency Bonds.

In November 2012, ASP refinanced the bonds with a tax-exempt mortgage loan payable from First Republic Bank through BuildNYC in the amount of \$10,720,000 at an interest rate of 3.95%. The loan matures November 2038. The balance as of December 31, 2018 was \$9,315,005. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$400,365, including \$22,131 for amortization of debt issuance costs.

The loan covenants require a debt service ratio of 1.20 to 1. In addition, cash and cash equivalents plus short and long-term investments, which can be converted to cash within 60 days, and the current portion of pledges, minus any outstanding and current portion of loans, must be at least \$1,750,000 at the end of each quarter and year-end starting in 2013. As of December 31, 2018, ASP was in compliance with these covenants.

The mortgage is collateralized by the condominium and contributions receivable.

ASP incurred \$553,272 of debt issuance costs in connection with the mortgage refinancing. These costs are being amortized over the term of the related mortgage. At December 31, 2018, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$396,524.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Scheduled principal payments for the mortgage payable are as follows:

2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 312,241 323,966 338,193 351,989
2022 2023 Thereafter	 366,347 7,622,269
Total	9,315,005
Less unamortized debt issuance costs	 (396,524)
Net total	\$ 8,918,481

Note 6: Loans Payable

In 2012, two loans were obtained from First Republic Bank, one for \$300,000 and the other for \$500,000. The interest rate on both loans was prime plus .5%. In October 2016, ASP renegotiated and extended the terms of the loans. The loans now bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.95% and mature in 2022. The total balance as of December 31, 2018 was \$314,845. The loans are secured by the condominium. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$14,485. Scheduled principal payments are as follows:

2019	\$ 87,748
2020	91,303
2021	95,051
2022	 40,743
	\$ 314,845

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7: Operating Leases

ASP leases office space in Newark, San Francisco, and Chicago under various noncancelable lease agreements through 2023. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$280,000. Future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2018 were:

Year	Amount
2019	\$ 299,828
2020	242,358
2021	238,843
2022	243,620
2023	41,141
Total	\$ 1,065,790

Note 8: Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

At December 31, 2018 net assets with donor restrictions are available for the following purposes or periods:

Subject to expenditure for specified purpose	
Afterschool Development Initiative	\$ 649,985
All Stars Project of Chicago	275,493
Chicago Center expansion	386,196
Subject to the passage of time	
Promises to give that are not restricted by donors	
but are unavailable for expenditure until due	3,967,074
Endowments	
Subject to appropriation and expenditure when a	
specified event occurs	
NJ Development School for Youth	100,000
Available for general operating purposes	793,348
Subject to ASP endowment spending policy and	
appropriation	
NJ Development School for Youth	5,348
Available for general operating purposes	 42,425
Total	\$ 6,219,869

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors.

Operation Conversation: Cops and Kids	\$ 394,823
All Stars Talent Show Network	75,500
Afterschool Development Initiative	350,015
Volunteerism and Education	6,884
Education - other programs	40,316
Development School for Youth	776,851
Castillo Theatre	156,623
All Stars Project of the San Francisco Bay Area	313,193
All Stars Project of Chicago	1,123,762
Chicago Center expansion	223,338
All Stars Project of New Jersey	694,518
All Stars Project of Dallas	689,070
Appropriation of endowment earnings	31,254
Passage of time	 659,688
Total	\$ 5,535,835

Note 9: Liquidity and Availability

ASP's financial assets available within one year of the balance sheet date for general expenditure are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,859,548
Less endowment/quasi endowment	 (53,286)
Cash and cash equivalents without donor restriction	1,806,262
Short-term investments	2,418,151
Current portion of contributions receivable	1,352,819
Other investments	 40,000
Total	\$ 5,617,232

ASP manages its liquidity following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term expenditures and operating needs and maintaining sufficient liquidity to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. ASP monitors liquidity and cash flows on an ongoing basis to ensure an appropriate amount of cash and cash equivalents are available to meet current claim payment and expenditure needs.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

ASP has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due. ASP's endowment fund consists of donor restricted endowment and board-designated endowment (*Note 11*). Income from donor-restricted endowment is restricted until appropriated by ASP's board for expenditure. \$40,000 of unappropriated endowment earnings are expected to be used for operations within the next year. Board designated endowment and income on board designated endowment are not restricted. ASP does not intend to spend from its board designated endowment; however, the entire board designated endowment is available for general expenditures.

Note 10: Allocation of Joint Costs

In 2018, ASP conducted activities that included requests for contributions, as well as program components. Those activities included special events and marketing. The costs of conducting those activities amounted to \$245,788 of joint costs, which are not specifically attributable to particular components of the activities. These joint costs were allocated as follows:

Program services	
All Stars Talent Show Network/Youth on Stage	\$ 24,719
Volunteerism and Education	997
Cops and Kids	1,128
Development School for Youth	 82,107
Total program services	108,951
Supporting services	
Management and general	180
Fund raising	 136,657
Total	\$ 245,788

Note 11: Endowment Funds

General

ASP's two endowment funds include funds designated by the Board of Directors, a donor-restricted endowment fund established for the NJ Development School for Youth and a donor-restricted endowment for operations. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of ASP adopted the New York Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (NYPMIFA). NYPMIFA moves away from the "historic dollar value" standard, and permits charities to apply a spending policy to endowments based on certain specified standards of prudence. ASP is governed by the NYPMIFA spending policy, which establishes a standard maximum prudent spending limit of 7% of the average of its previous five years' balance. As a result of this interpretation, when reviewing its donor-restricted endowment funds, ASP considers a fund to be "underwater" if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts donated to the fund and (b) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. ASP has interpreted NYPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with the prudent measures required under the law.

Return Objectives, Strategies Employed and Spending Policy

The objective of ASP is to maintain the principal endowment funds at the original amount designated by the donor while generating investment income to support the purposes designated by the donor. The investment policy to achieve this objective is to invest in various investment securities and interest-bearing accounts. Interest earned in relation to the endowment funds is recorded as donor restricted until appropriated.

Underwater Endowments

Underwater endowment funds are funds for which the fair value of the fund at the reporting date is less than either the original gift amount or the amount required to be maintained by the donor or by law that extends donor restrictions. ASP is able to draw down up to 4% per year of the fair market value of the endowment fund per donors' wishes. At December 31, 2018, there are no underwater endowments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund as of December 31, 2018

As of December 31, 2018, the endowment net asset composition of \$1,207,059 consists of the following:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor strictions	Total
Donor restricted endowment funds:				
Original donor-restricted gift amount				
and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor				
NJ Development School for Youth	\$	-	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
General operating purposes		-	793,348	793,348
Board designated endowment fund	25	0,000	 	 250,000
Total corpus of the				
endowment funds	25	0,000	893,348	1,143,348
Net investment gains	3	2,684	111,027	143,711
Release of income into operations	(1	6,746)	 (63,254)	 (80,000)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 26	5,938	\$ 941,121	\$ 1,207,059

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Endowment net assets, beginning						
of year	\$	299,644	\$	1,036,565	\$	1,336,209
Investment return, net		(24,960)		(89,190)		(114,150)
Contributions		-		25,000		25,000
Appropriation of endowment						
assets for expenditures		(8,746)		(31,254)		(40,000)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	265,938	\$	941,121	\$	1,207,059

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 12: Retirement Plan

ASP currently offers a 403(b) retirement plan through TIAA-CREF for its full-time employees. Employees are eligible for this benefit upon date of hire. ASP matches employee contributions biannually. The match is 25% of the first \$2,000 of employee contributions and 10% of any additional employee contributions. ASP's expense was \$51,694 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Note 13: Change in Accounting Principle

In 2018, ASP adopted ASU 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958): *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. A summary of the changes is as follows:

Statement of Financial Position

The statement of financial position distinguishes between two new classes of net assets—those with donor-imposed restrictions and those without. This is a change from the previously required three classes of net assets—unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted.

Statement of Activities

• Expenses are reported by both nature and function in one location.

Notes to the Financial Statements

- Investment income is shown net of external and direct internal investment expenses. Disclosure of the expenses netted against investment income is no longer required.
- Enhanced quantitative and qualitative disclosures provide additional information useful in assessing liquidity and cash flows available to meet operating expenses for one year from the date of the statement of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 14: Future Changes in Accounting Principle

Revenue Recognition

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standards related to revenue recognition. This amendment replaces all existing revenue recognition guidance and provides a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The guidance provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. Other major provisions include capitalization of certain contract costs, consideration of the time value of money in the transaction price and allowing estimates of variable consideration to be recognized before contingencies are resolved in certain circumstances. The amendment also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in those judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to fulfill a contract. The standard allows either full or modified retrospective adoption effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2019. ASP is in the process of evaluating the impact the amendment will have on the financial statements.

Grants and Contributions

The Financial Accounting Standards Board released ASU No. 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made to clarify existing guidance on determining whether a transaction with a resource provider, e.g., the receipt of funds under a government grant or contract, is a contribution or an exchange transaction. The guidance requires all organizations to evaluate whether the resource provider is receiving commensurate value in a transfer of assets transaction, and whether contributions are conditional or unconditional. If commensurate value is received by the resource provider, the transaction would be accounted for as an exchange transaction by applying Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, or other topics. The standard clarifies that a resource provider is not synonymous with the general public. Indirect benefit received by the public as a result of the assets transferred is not equivalent to commensurate value received by the resource provider. If commensurate value is not received by the resource provider, i.e., the transaction is non-exchange, the recipient organization would record the transaction as a contribution under Topic 958 and determine whether the contribution is conditional or unconditional.

FASB expects that the new standard could result in more grants and contracts being accounted for as contributions (often conditional contributions) than under current generally accepted accounting principles. Because of this, it believes the clarifying guidance about whether a contribution is conditional or unconditional, which affects the timing of revenue recognition, is important. Both the recipient and resource provider would equally apply the guidance. The standard will be effective for reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018. ASP is in the process of evaluating the impact the amendment will have on the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Accounting for Leases

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standard related to the accounting for leases. Under the new standard, lessees will now be required to recognize substantially all leases on the balance sheet as both a right-of-use asset and a liability. The standard has two types of leases for income statement recognition purposes: operating leases and finance leases. Operating leases will result in the recognition of a single lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term similar to the treatment for operating leases under existing standards. Finance leases will result in an accelerated expense similar to the accounting for capital leases under existing standards. The determination of lease classification as operating or finance will be done in a manner similar to existing standards. The new standard also contains amended guidance regarding the identification of embedded leases in service contracts and the identification of lease and nonlease components in an arrangement. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2020. ASP is evaluating the impact the standard will have on the financial statements; however, the standard is expected to have a material impact on the financial statements due to the recognition of additional assets and liabilities for operating leases.